

Relay for OLTC Control & Transformer Monitoring

Model REG-DA

- Wall mounting housing
- Panel mounting housing
- Din-rail mounting



1. Application

The REG-DA relay for OLTC control & Transformer Monitoring is used to perform both complex and simple measurement, control and regulation tasks on tap-changing transformers. To achieve these tasks, the REG-DA voltage regulator can be used with an array of add-on components, such as the BIN-D and ANA-D remote I/O modules, and an assortment of communication cards.

Each REG-DA has transducer and statistical modes, as well as optional multi-channel recorder, transformer monitoring module (TMM) and ParaGramer.

Transducer Mode displays all of the relevant measured variables of the voltage network, while Statistical Mode provides a clear overview of the various switching operations of the tap changer.

Voltage regulators operating in parallel are connected via a fibre optic or copper ELAN bus, which enables the automatic sharing of relevant data. ParaGramer then detects which transformers have been switched into a parallel control scheme and displays this information via a single-line diagram.

The powerful TMM functions enable the continuous monitoring of various conditions within the transformer and tap changer. Information such as hot-spot temperature (IEC 60354 or IEC 60076) and transformer loss-of-life are calculated, and if necessary up to six cooling levels can be activated.

As an alternative to direct measurement, the U, I, tap position and $cos(\phi)$ value can also be transmitted to the REG-DA via SCADA client function (IEC 61850, IEC 60870-5-104), IEC61850-9-2 Sampled Values, IEC61850 GOOSE or by mA inputs, thereby eliminating the need for CT and VT cabling to the regulator.

The REG-DA regulator can communicate with a SCADA system (see list of characteristics) through all of the common protocols.

Freely programmable inputs and outputs enable the implementation of application specific tasks.

A number of different communication cards are available for the REG-DA, with connections that range from copper RS232 to fibre optic Ethernet.

A variety of protocols are available to communicate with a SCADA system or RTU:

- IEC 61850 including GOOSE and Sampled Values
- IEC 60870 5 101 / 103 / 104
- DNP 3.0 via Ethernet
- DNP 3.0
- MODBUS TCP
- MODBUS RTU
- Profibus DP
- SPABUS
- LON (on request)

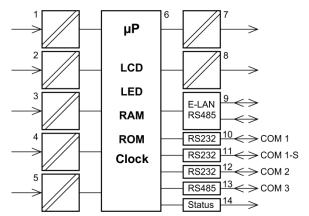
The integrated SCADA communication cards are capable of most of these protocols and may be switched between them and configured using the free WinConfig software. WinConfig is specifically designed to provide a similar configuration interface for all of the protocols, thereby reducing engineering time.

The communication interfaces of the REG-DA are equipped with cyber security features including role based access control (RBAC) with remote user authentication via e.g. the Radius protocol.

2. Characteristics of the REG-DA

- Cyber security with role based access control (RBAC) and remote authentication via e.g. Radius
- Large backlit LCD (128 x 128) with all important information (tap, voltage etc.)
- Measurement functions (U, I, P, Q, S, cos φ, φ, I sin φ, f)
- Recorder function (3-channel line recorder)
- Statistics function (total number of switching operations, switching operations per tap)
- Event recorder (logbook)
- Transformer monitoring functions to calculate the hotspot temperature and lifetime consumption and to control the fans and oil pumps. In addition the moisture content in cellulose and the risk of bubble formation is evaluated
- 14 (26) freely programmable binary inputs
- 9 (21) freely programmable binary outputs
- Freely programmable analogue inputs or outputs (mA)
- PT100 direct input
- Input for tap-potentiometer (resistor input) (200 Ω...20 kΩ total resistance)
- Regulation of three winding transformers
- Regulation of phase-shifting transformers
- Regulation of transformer banks
- Control of capacitor banks
- Limit-value monitoring for all measured quantities
- 4 freely programmable setpoint values
- Dynamic adjustment of the setpoint values based on the load (Z-compensation, LDC)
- Programmable rated U and I values
- Open programmability enables implementation of PLC functions (background program)
- Peripheral bus (COM3) for additional interface modules (ANA-D, BIN-D, Modbus converter)
- Ability to enter externally measured quantities (gas-inoil ratio, winding temperature, etc.) by communicating directly with the measuring devices through Modbus
- All of the measurements (including external measurements) and events can be transferred to SCADA
- ParaGramer function to view and automate the parallel connection of up to fifteen transformers
- Provisioning software to set parameters, program devices, and view and archive data
- REGSim[™] simulation software to simulate parallel operations, network and load situations
- UL certification

3. Description



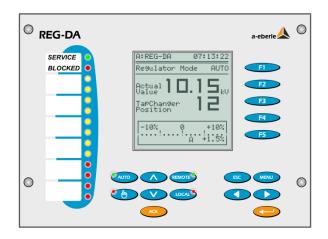
Functions of the REG-DA regulator (all options)

- 1 three current and two voltage measuring inputs
- 2 Analogue inputs, PT100 (optional)
- 3 Binary inputs
- 4 Input for resistance-coded tap-position indicator (optional)
- 5 Auxiliary voltage / Power Supply
- 6 Display and processing unit
- 7 Analogue outputs
- 8 Binary outputs
- 9 ELAN connection (2 x RS485 with repeater function)
- 10 COM1, RS232
- 11 COM1-S, RS232 (can be used alternatively to COM1, on devices with characteristic S2 the COM1-S can be switched into COM4)
- 12 COM2, RS232 (on devices with characteristic S2 the COM2 can be split into COM2 and COM5)
- 13 COM3, RS485
- 14 Status contact (life contact)



3.1 Regulator mode

The actual value and a fixed or load-dependent setpoint value are continually compared in the regulator, which then determines the correct commands for the transformer's tap changer. The regulator's parameters can be fine-tuned to the dynamic time behaviour of the grid voltage to obtain high control performance for a low number of switching operations.



Connecting transformers in parallel

Each regulator is capable of operating in parallel with up to 9 other regulators, without the need for additional components.

A number of different parallel control schemes are available, catering for transformers that operate in parallel on a single busbar, as well as those that are feeding the same grid from different substations.

Parallel control schemes are listed in Table 1 below:

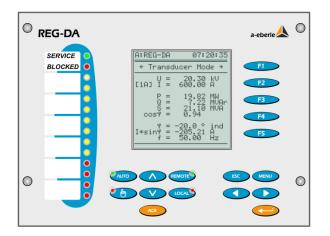
Case	REG-DA – Programme	Conditions
Parallel operation on one or more	Δl sin φ	Identical transformers, identical or different tap size
busbars	ΔI sin φ (S)	Transformers with different performances, different or equal tap size
	Master/ slave	Identical transformers, same tap size
Free feed in	Δ cos φ	Any transformer, any tap size
Emergency program in the event of a ELAN failure	Δ cos φ	Any transformer, any tap size, for the programs $\Delta I \sin \phi$ and $\Delta I \sin \phi$ (S)

Table 1 Parallel operated transformers

3.2 Transducer mode

The values of all relevant variables of a three-wire, threephase system with balanced or unbalanced load are calculated from the measured CT & VT inputs.

All of the measured and calculated values can then be viewed on the LCD display, or transferred by analogue signal and SCADA connection.



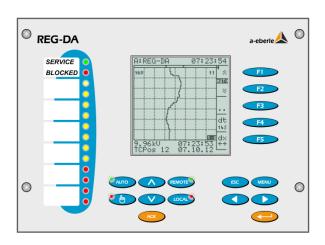
Measured quantities on the displays	Voltage U _{eff} Current I _{eff} Active power P
	Reactive power Q
	Apparent power S
	cos φ
	Phase angle φ
	Reactive current I*sinφ
	Frequency f
	Circulating reactive current (see page 2 of the transducer display)

All of the measured and calculated values can be transferred to an analogue output or to SCADA.

3.3 Recorder mode

Up to two selectable analogue values can be continuously recorded and displayed as a line chart with an adjustable time grid. The tap position*, setpoint value*, tolerance band and Manual/Auto state, as well as the time and date are recorded in addition to these measured quantities. This enables the voltage and the time-correlated tap position to be viewed at any time, for example. The average storage time for voltage and tap position (1 channel) is approximately six weeks.

The stored values can also be retrieved and displayed by the WinREG Control software, using the REGView module.



(*requires the voltage to be recorded on channel 1)

Time grid dt 14 s, 1, 5, 10, 30, min / Division

Regardless of the selected time grid (feed rate) of the display, all of the measurements are stored at a standard rate of 1 data point per second. Each data point then represents the arithmetic mean of 10 measurements that were generated at 100 ms intervals.

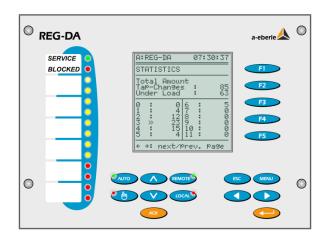
Storage behaviour in the case of an overflow	Overwrite with FIFO (F irst in F irst o ut)
Storage time	< 18.7 days worst case
(voltage plus tap)	on average > 1 month

3.4 Statistics mode

The Statistics mode records all of the tap changer's switching operations. Separate logs are stored for switching operations under load and without load.

This information can be used to analyse how many taps were made in a certain timeframe, as well as how often a particular tap was selected. This information is then used to fine-tune the regulator's settings.

The stored values can also be retrieved and displayed by the WinREG Control software, using the Service module.





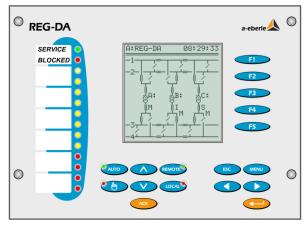
3.5 ParaGramer mode

ParaGramer is an efficient tool that automatically detects which transformers have been switched into a parallel control scheme and displays this information via a single-line diagram.

The artificial word ParaGramer is a combination of the terms parallel and single-line diagram.

Paragramer can monitor the positions of circuit breakers, isolators, bus ties and bus couplings. Based on the status of these inputs and of the regulators in the parallel scheme, the system automatically determines optimum tap positions for all of the transformers.

Multiple busbars are configurable on both the HV and LV sides of the transformers.



As shown in the graphic, both transformers A and C are working on busbar '3', while transformer B is feeding into busbar '4'.

3.5 Transformer monitoring module TMM

The Transformer Monitoring module collects and calculates information about the condition of the transformer and tap changer.

The hot-spot temperature is calculated in accordance with IEC 60354 and IEC 60076, and is used to determine the transformers loss of life.

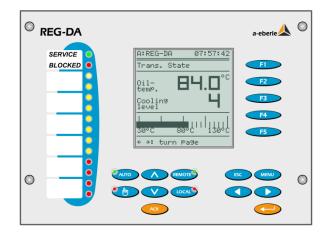
The optional TM+ function evaluates the moisture content of the cellulose and the risk of bubble formation.

Up to 6 groups of fans and 2 oil pumps can be controlled to regulate the temperature of the transformer. The operating times of the fans and pumps are stored for maintenance purposes.

Oil temperature is measured either directly as a PT100 input, or via a mA transducer, and also be recorded using the Recorder mode.

A total of three analogue input slots are available in the REG-D, allowing the monitoring of several temperatures, oil levels, gas levels and so on.

Please refer to characteristic group 'E' in the Order specifications for a list of the combination options.



4. Technical specifications

Regulations and standards

- IEC 61010-1 / EN 61010-1
- CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 1010.1-92
- CISPR 22 Ed.6 (2009-09)
- IEC 60255-11 / EN 60255-11
- IEC 60255-21 / EN 60255-21
- IEC 60255-22-1 / EN 60255-22-1
- IEC 60255-25 / EN 60255-25
- IEC 60255-26 / EN 60255-26
- IEC 60255-27 / EN 60255-27
- IEC 61326-1 / EN 61326-1
- IEC 60529 / EN 60529
- IEC 60068-1 / EN 60068-1
- IEC 60688 / EN 60688
- IEC 61000-6-2 / EN 61000-6-2
- IEC 61000-6-4 / EN 61000-6-4

UL Certificate Number 050505 - E242284



AC voltage inputs (U_E)

Nominal input voltage U _n	100 VAC
Input voltage range	0 160 VAC
Rated voltage	230 VAC
Frequency range	16 <u>5060</u> 65 Hz
Crest factor @ U _r	≤ 2
Input resistance	100102 kΩ
Internal consumption	\leq 0.01mW/V ²
Bandwidth	420 Hz
ADC	12 Bit, 24 samples/cycle
Over voltage category	300V CAT II / 150V CAT III
Isolation	reinforced*
Isolation test voltage	2.3kVAC, 5s

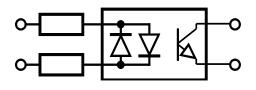
* The voltage measurement inputs can be interconnected with a 100 $\!\kappa\Omega$ resistor.

AC input (I _E)		
Nominal input current In	1 ^	/ 5 A, software selectable
-		. 2.1·I _n
Rated current		A
over load capacity 10) A for 1s
Frequency range		<u>5060</u> 65 Hz
Crest factor @ In	≤ 3	
		,5 VA
• -	_	,
Bandwidth)Hz
ADC		Bit, 24 samples/cycle
Over voltage category	300	OV CAT II / 150V CAT III
Isolation	rei	nforced, per channel
Isolation test voltage	2.3	kVAC, 5s
		,
Measured values		
True RMS voltages		$U_{12}, U_{23}, U_{31} (\leq 0.25\%)$
True RMS current		$ I_1, I_2, I_3 (\le 0.25\%)$
		P (≤ 0.5%) Q (≤ 0.5%)
Reactive power Apparent power		C (≤ 0.5%) S (≤ 0.5%)
Power factor		<u>3 (≤ 0.3%)</u> cos φ (≤ 0.5%)
Phase angle		φ (≤ 0.5%)
Reactive current		$1 \cdot \sin \varphi (\leq 1\%)$
Frequency		f (≤ 0.05%)
• •		()
Reference conditions		
		22°C ± 1 K
Reference temperature		23°C ± 1 K
Input quantities		U _E = 0 160 V
Input quantities		U _E = 0 160 V I _E = 0 1A / 0 5A
Input quantities Frequency		U _E = 0 160 V I _E = 0 1A / 0 5A 45 Hz65 Hz
Input quantities		U _E = 0 160 V I _E = 0 1A / 0 5A
Input quantities Frequency		$U_{E} = 0 160 V$ $I_{E} = 0 1A / 0 5A$ $45 Hz65 Hz$ Sinusoidal, form factor
Input quantities Frequency Shape of the curve	.E99)	$U_{E} = 0 \dots 160 V$ $I_{E} = 0 \dots 1A / 0 \dots 5A$ $45 Hz \dots 65 Hz$ Sinusoidal, form factor 1.1107
Input quantities Frequency Shape of the curve Load (only for characteristics E91 Other	.E99)	$U_{E} = 0 \dots 160 V$ $I_{E} = 0 \dots 1A / 0 \dots 5A$ $45 Hz \dots 65 Hz$ Sinusoidal, form factor 1.1107 $Rn = 5 V / Y2 \pm 1\%$
Input quantities Frequency Shape of the curve Load (only for characteristics E91 Other Ambient conditions	E99)	$U_{E} = 0 \dots 160 V$ $I_{E} = 0 \dots 1A / 0 \dots 5A$ $45 \text{ Hz} \dots 65 \text{ Hz}$ Sinusoidal, form factor 1.1107 $Rn = 5 V / Y2 \pm 1\%$
Input quantities Frequency Shape of the curve Load (only for characteristics E91 Other Ambient conditions Temperature range		$U_{E} = 0 \dots 160 V$ $I_{E} = 0 \dots 1A / 0 \dots 5A$ $45 Hz \dots 65 Hz$ Sinusoidal, form factor 1.1107 $Rn = 5 V / Y2 \pm 1\%$ IEC 60688 - Part 1
Input quantities Frequency Shape of the curve Load (only for characteristics E91 Other Ambient conditions	-15°	$U_{E} = 0 \dots 160 V$ $I_{E} = 0 \dots 1A / 0 \dots 5A$ $45 Hz \dots 65 Hz$ Sinusoidal, form factor 1.1107 Rn = 5 V / Y2 ± 1% IEC 60688 - Part 1 $C \dots +60 °C$
Input quantities Frequency Shape of the curve Load (only for characteristics E91 Other Ambient conditions Temperature range	-15° -15°	$U_{E} = 0 160 V$ $I_{E} = 0 1A / 0 5A$ $45 Hz65 Hz$ Sinusoidal, form factor 1.1107 Rn = 5 V / Y2 ± 1% IEC 60688 - Part 1 $C +60 °C$ C +55 °C with character-
Input quantities Frequency Shape of the curve Load (only for characteristics E91 Other Ambient conditions Temperature range Function	-15° -15° istic	$U_{E} = 0 160 V$ $I_{E} = 0 1A / 0 5A$ $45 Hz65 Hz$ Sinusoidal, form factor 1.1107 Rn = 5 V / Y2 ± 1% IEC 60688 - Part 1 $C +60 °C$ C +60 °C C +55 °C with character- PB1 to PB4
Input quantities Frequency Shape of the curve Load (only for characteristics E91 Other Ambient conditions Temperature range Function Transport and storage	-15° -15° istic -25 °	$U_{E} = 0 \dots 160 V$ $I_{E} = 0 \dots 1A / 0 \dots 5A$ $45 Hz \dots 65 Hz$ Sinusoidal, form factor 1.1107 Rn = 5 V / Y2 ± 1% IEC 60688 - Part 1 $C \dots +60 °C$ C \ldots +55 °C with character- PB1 to PB4 C \ldots +65 °C
Input quantities Frequency Shape of the curve Load (only for characteristics E91 Other Ambient conditions Temperature range Function	-15° -15° istic -25°	$U_{E} = 0 \dots 160 V$ $I_{E} = 0 \dots 1A / 0 \dots 5A$ $45 Hz \dots 65 Hz$ Sinusoidal, form factor 1.1107 Rn = 5 V / Y2 ± 1% IEC 60688 - Part 1 $C \dots +60 °C$ C \ldots +55 °C with character- PB1 to PB4 C \ldots +65 °C 50068-2-1,
Input quantities Frequency Shape of the curve Load (only for characteristics E91 Other Ambient conditions Temperature range Function Transport and storage Dry cold	-15° -15° istic -25° IEC (- 15	$U_{E} = 0 \dots 160 V$ $I_{E} = 0 \dots 1A / 0 \dots 5A$ $45 \text{ Hz} \dots 65 \text{ Hz}$ Sinusoidal, form factor 1.1107 Rn = 5 V / Y2 ± 1% IEC 60688 - Part 1 $C \dots +60 \text{ °C}$ C \dots +60 °C C \dots +55 °C with character- PB1 to PB4 C \dots +65 °C $50068-2-1,$ °C / 16 h
Input quantities Frequency Shape of the curve Load (only for characteristics E91 Other Ambient conditions Temperature range Function Transport and storage	-15° -15° istic -25° IEC (- 15	$U_{E} = 0 \dots 160 V$ $I_{E} = 0 \dots 160 V$ $I_{E} = 0 \dots 1A / 0 \dots 5A$ $45 Hz \dots 65 Hz$ Sinusoidal, form factor 1.1107 Rn = 5 V / Y2 ± 1% IEC 60688 - Part 1 $IEC 60688 - Part 1$ $C \dots +60 °C$ $C \dots +65 °C with character-PB1 to PB4$ $C \dots +65 °C$ $50068-2-1,$ $C / 16 h$ $50068-2-2,$
Input quantities Frequency Shape of the curve Load (only for characteristics E91 Other Ambient conditions Temperature range Function Transport and storage Dry cold Dry heat	-15° -15° istic -25° IEC (- 15 IEC (+ 65	$U_{E} = 0 160 V$ $I_{E} = 0 160 V$ $I_{E} = 0 1A / 0 5A$ $45 Hz65 Hz$ Sinusoidal, form factor 1.1107 Rn = 5 V / Y2 ± 1% IEC 60688 - Part 1 $IEC 60688 - Part 1$ $C +60 °C$ $C +55 °C with character-PB1 to PB4$ $C +65 °C$ $50068-2-1, °C / 16 h$ $50068-2-2, °C / 16 h$
Input quantities Frequency Shape of the curve Load (only for characteristics E91 Other Ambient conditions Temperature range Function Transport and storage Dry cold Dry heat Humid heat	-15° -15° istic -25° IEC (- 15 IEC (+ 65	$U_{E} = 0 160 V$ $I_{E} = 0 160 V$ $I_{E} = 0 1A / 0 5A$ $45 Hz65 Hz$ Sinusoidal, form factor 1.1107 Rn = 5 V / Y2 ± 1% IEC 60688 - Part 1 $C +60 °C$ C +60 °C C +55 °C with character- PB1 to PB4 C +65 °C 50068-2-1, °C / 16 h 50068-2-2, °C / 16 h 50068-2-78
Input quantities Frequency Shape of the curve Load (only for characteristics E91 Other Ambient conditions Temperature range Function Transport and storage Dry cold Dry heat Humid heat constant	-15° -15° istic -25 ' IEC (+ 65 IEC (+ 40	$U_{E} = 0 \dots 160 V$ $I_{E} = 0 \dots 160 V$ $I_{E} = 0 \dots 1A / 0 \dots 5A$ $45 Hz \dots 65 Hz$ Sinusoidal, form factor 1.1107 Rn = 5 V / Y2 ± 1% IEC 60688 - Part 1 $IEC 60688 - Part 1$ $C \dots +60 °C$ $C \dots +55 °C with character-PB1 to PB4$ $C \dots +65°C$ 50068-2-1, °C / 16 h 50068-2-78 °C / 16 h 50068-2-78 °C / 93% / 2 days
Input quantities Frequency Shape of the curve Load (only for characteristics E91 Other Ambient conditions Temperature range Function Transport and storage Dry cold Dry heat Humid heat constant Humid heat	-15° -15° istic -25 ° IEC (+ 65 IEC (+ 40 IEC (U _E = 0 160 V I _E = 0 1A / 0 5A 45 Hz65 Hz Sinusoidal, form factor 1.1107 Rn = 5 V / Y2 ± 1% IEC 60688 - Part 1 C +60 °C C +55 °C with character- PB1 to PB4 C +65 °C 50068-2-1, °C / 16 h 50068-2-78 °C / 93% / 2 days 50068-2-30
Input quantities Frequency Shape of the curve Load (only for characteristics E91 Other Ambient conditions Temperature range Function Transport and storage Dry cold Dry heat Humid heat constant Humid heat cyclical	-15° -15° istic -25 ' IEC (+ 65 IEC (+ 40 IEC (12+	U _E = 0 160 V I _E = 0 1A / 0 5A 45 Hz65 Hz Sinusoidal, form factor 1.1107 Rn = 5 V / Y2 ± 1% IEC 60688 - Part 1 C +60 °C C +55 °C with character- PB1 to PB4 C +65 °C 50068-2-1, °C / 16 h 50068-2-2, °C / 16 h 50068-2-78 °C / 93% / 2 days 50068-2-30 I2 h, 6 cycles +55°C / 93%
Input quantities Frequency Shape of the curve Load (only for characteristics E91 Other Ambient conditions Temperature range Function Transport and storage Dry cold Dry heat Humid heat constant Humid heat	-15° -15° istic -25° IEC (+65 IEC (+40 IEC (12+:	U _E = 0 160 V I _E = 0 160 V I _E = 0 1A / 0 5A 45 Hz65 Hz Sinusoidal, form factor 1.1107 Rn = 5 V / Y2 ± 1% IEC 60688 - Part 1 C +60 °C C +55 °C with character- PB1 to PB4 C +65 °C 50068-2-1, °C / 16 h 50068-2-2, °C / 16 h 50068-2-78 °C / 93% / 2 days 50068-2-30 I2 h, 6 cycles +55°C / 93% 50068-2-31
Input quantities Frequency Shape of the curve Load (only for characteristics E91 Other Ambient conditions Temperature range Function Transport and storage Dry cold Dry heat Humid heat constant Humid heat cyclical	-15° -15° istic -25 ' IEC (+ 65 IEC (+ 40 IEC (12+: 1EC (12+:	U _E = 0 160 V I _E = 0 160 V I _E = 0 1A / 0 5A 45 Hz65 Hz Sinusoidal, form factor 1.1107 Rn = 5 V / Y2 ± 1% IEC 60688 - Part 1 C +60 °C C +55 °C with character- PB1 to PB4 C +65 °C 50068-2-1, °C / 16 h 50068-2-2, °C / 16 h 50068-2-78 °C / 93% / 2 days 50068-2-30 I2 h, 6 cycles +55°C / 93% 50068-2-31 mm drop height,
Input quantities Frequency Shape of the curve Load (only for characteristics E91 Other Ambient conditions Temperature range Function Transport and storage Dry cold Dry heat Humid heat constant Humid heat cyclical Drop and topple	-15° -15° istic -25 ' IEC (+65 IEC (+40 IEC (12+2 IEC (100 unpa	U _E = 0 160 V I _E = 0 1A / 0 5A 45 Hz65 Hz Sinusoidal, form factor 1.1107 Rn = 5 V / Y2 ± 1% IEC 60688 - Part 1 C +60 °C C +55 °C with character- PB1 to PB4 C +65 °C 50068-2-1, °C / 16 h 50068-2-78 °C / 93% / 2 days 50068-2-30 I2 h, 6 cycles +55°C / 93% 50068-2-31 mm drop height, ackaged
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Binary inputs (BI)	
General	
Signal frequency	0 70Hz
AC debouncing	40 70Hz
Form factor	≤ 1.16
Binary input type HV (High v	oltage)
Input voltage	≤ 250V (r.m.s.)
Input resistance	107116kΩ
Over voltage category	300V CAT II
Isolation between input groups	basic isolation ^{a)}
Isolation against touchable parts	reinforced
Isolation test voltage	2.3kVAC, 5s
Binary input type LV (Low vo	oltage)
Input voltage	≤ 50V (r.m.s.)
Input resistance	6.58.1kΩ
Characteristic D2 – Binary input Characteristic D6 – Binary input	t groups 14, 58
Input type	HV
H – Level	≥ 48 V
L - Level	< 10 V
Characteristic D1 – Binary input Characteristic D3 – Binary input Characteristic D4 – Binary input Characteristic D5 – Binary input	t groups 14, 58 t groups 14, 58, 912, 1316
Input type	LV
H - Level	≥ 10 V
L - Level	< 5 V
Characteristic D8 – Binary input Characteristic D9 – Binary input	
Input type	HV
H – Level	≥ 80 V
L - Level	< 40 V
Characteristic D7 – Binary input	t groups 14, 58, 912, 1316
Input type	HV
H - Level	≥ 176 V
L - Level	< 88 V

a) In the case of DC voltage, the sum of the operating voltages of adjacent binary input groups must not exceed 300V!



Simplified diagram of a binary input

Binary outputs (BO)	
max. switching frequency	≤ 1 Hz
Potential isolation	Isolated from all internal
	device potentials
Contact load	AC: 250 V, 5 A (cosφ = 1.0)
	AC: 250 V, 3 A (cosφ = 0.4)
	Switching capacity max.
	1250 V A
	DC: 30 V, 5 A resistive
	DC: 30 V, 3.5 A L/R=7 ms
	DC: 110 V, 0.5 A resistive
	DC: 220 V, 0.3 A resistive
	Switching capacity
	max. 150 W
Inrush current	250 V AC, 30 V DC
	10 A for max. 4 s
Switching operations	≥ 5·10 ⁵ electrical
Over voltage category	300V CAT II
Isolation between outputs	Basic isolation ^{b) c)}
or output groups	
Isolation against	reinforced
touchable parts	
Isolation test voltage	2.3kVAC, 5s

^{b)} In case of DC voltage, the sum of the working voltages of adjacent outputs or output groups must not exceed 300V!

^{c)} If an output or an output group is connected to a dangerous active circuit, the neighboring outputs or output groups must not be connected with SELV circuits or other touchable parts!

Auxiliary Voltage			
Characteristic	HO	H2	
AC			
Nominal voltage range	100 240 V	-	
Total voltage range	90 264 V	-	
DC			
Nominal voltage range	100 300 V	20 70 V	
AC Power consumption	≤ 35 VA	-	
	≤ 45 VA (PB14)*		
DC Power consumption	≤ 25 W	≤ 25 W	
	≤ 35 W (PB14)*		
Frequency	50/60 Hz	DC	
Microfuse	T1 250 V	T2 250 V	
Over voltage category	300V CAT II	150V CAT	
		Ш	
Isolation	reinforced	reinforced	
Isolation test voltage	2.3kVAC, 5s	1.4kVAC,	
		5s	

The following applies to all characteristics:

Voltage dips of \leq 25 ms do not cause a power on reset of the device. Fuses are time lag (slow blow) type.

*Devices with characteristic PB1 to PB4 have a power supply module with more output power.

Electrical safety	
Safety class	1
Degree of pollution	2
Standards	IEC 61010-1

Electromagnetic compatibi	lity
EMC requirements	EN 61326-1 Equipment class A Continuous, unmonitored operation, industrial location and EN 61000-6-2 and EN 61000-6-4 and EN 60255-X
Interference emissions	
Conducted and radiated emission	EN 61326 Table 3 EN 61000-6-4 EN 60255-25/-26 CISPR 22 Ed. 6
Harmonic currents	EN 61000-3-2
Voltage fluctuations and flicker	EN 61000-3-3
Disturbance immunity	EN 61326 Table A1 EN 61000-6-2 EN 60255-11/-22/-26
ESD	IEC 61000-6-5 6 kV/8 kV contact/air
Electromagnetic fields	IEC 61000-4-3\80 – 2000 MHz: 10 V/m
Fast transient	IEC 61000-4-4 4 kV/2 kV
Surge voltages	IEC 61000-4-5 4 kV/2 kV
Conducted HF signals	IEC 61000-4-6 150 kHz – 80 MHz: 10 V
Power-frequency magnetic fields	IEC 61000-4-8 100 A/m (50 Hz), continuous 1000 A/m (50 Hz), 1 s
Voltage dips	IEC 61000-4-11, EN 60255-11 30% / 500ms, 60% / 200ms
Voltage interruptions	IEC 61000-4-11 100% / 5s
Damped oscillations	IEC 61000-4-12, Class 3, 2.5 kV
Ripple on d.c. input power port immunity test	IEC 60255-11 AC ripple 15% of U _r , 100 Hz, 5 min

Analogue inputs (AI)	
Quantity	See order specifications
Input range Y1Y2	-20 mA020 mA points Y1 and Y2 are programmable
Control limit	± 1.2 Y2
Voltage drop	≤ 1.5 V
Isolation	functional, per channel
Common-mode rejection	> 80 dB

Series-mode rejection	> 60 dB / Decade from 10 Hz
Overload capacity	≤ 50 mA continuous
Error limit	0.5%

The REG-DA is supplied with 1 x mA Analogue Input (e.g. for the tap position indicator) as standard.

Analogue outputs (AO)	
Quantity	See order specifications
Output range	-20 mA020 mA
Y1Y2	Y1 and Y2 programmable
Control limit	± 1.2 Y2
Isolation	Functional, per channel
Load range	$0 \le R \le 8 V / Y2$
Alternating component	<0.5% of Y2

Temperature input PT100	
Quantity	one PT100 input at Level III possible two PT100 inputs at Level II possible
Type of connection	Three-wire circuit
Current through sensor	< 8 mA
Isolation	functional
Line compensation	no compensation required
Transmission behaviour	linear

Resistance input (tap change potentiometer)				
Characteristic	R1	R3		
Quantity	See order speci	fications		
Connection	Three-wire / Four-wire with open wire detection			
Total resistance in the resistor chain	180Ω 2 kΩ	2kΩ 20kΩ		
Tap resistance	5Ω 100Ω	50Ω 2kΩ		
Number of taps	≤ 38			
Isolation	functional			
Current through resistor chain	≤ 25 mA	≤ 2.5 mA		



Communication interfaces			
Name	Standard	Wires	Isolation
COM1	RS232	4 <i>,</i> GND	-
COM1-S	RS232	4, GND	functional
COM2	RS232	4, GND	functional
COM3	RS422	4, GND	functional
E-LAN-L	RS485/422	2/4, GND	functional
E-LAN-R	RS485/422	2/4, GND	functional
DCF77	RS485	2, GND	functional

Device real time clock	
Accuracy	+/- 20 ppm 0 10 ppm with charact. S2
Buffer battery	Lithium button cell 3V Type CR1632

Limit-value monitoring		
Limit values	programmable	
Response times	programmable	
Alarm indicators	LEDs are programmable or are programmable on an LCD	

Indicator elements			
The regulator has 14 light-emitting diodes (LED)			
LED Service Normal operation Green			
LED Blocked Faulty operation Red			
LED 1 LED 8	Freely programmable	Yellow	
LED 9 LED 12	Freely programmable	Red	

Display	
LC - Display	128 x 128 graphic display
Back-lighting	LED, automatic switch off after 15 minutes

Each LED can be labelled on site.

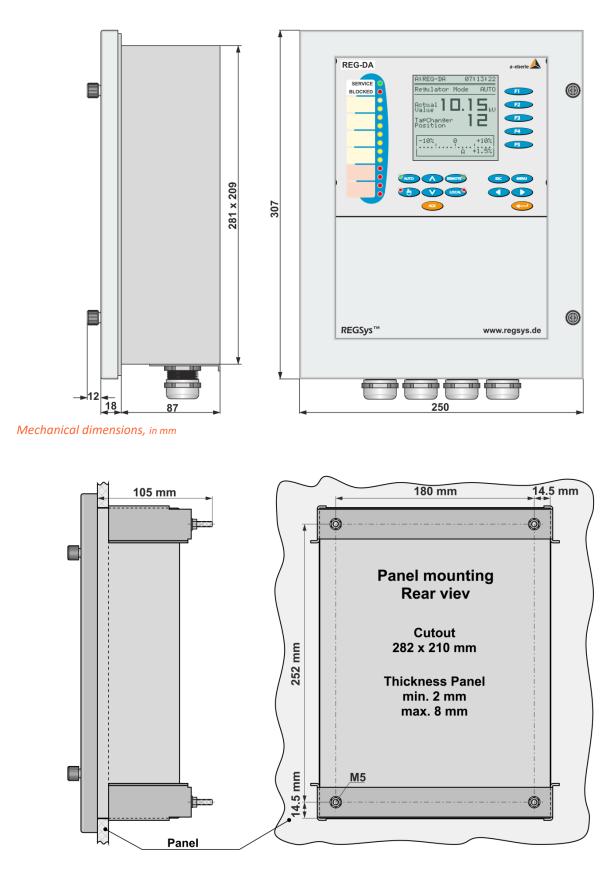
If the labelling wishes are known at the time of order placement, labelling can be done at the factory.

Storage	
Firmware and recorder data Characteristic S2	Flash memory
Device characteristics and calibration data	serial EEPROM with ≥ 1000 k write/read cycles
Other data and recorder data Characteristic S1	MRAM

5. Mechanical design

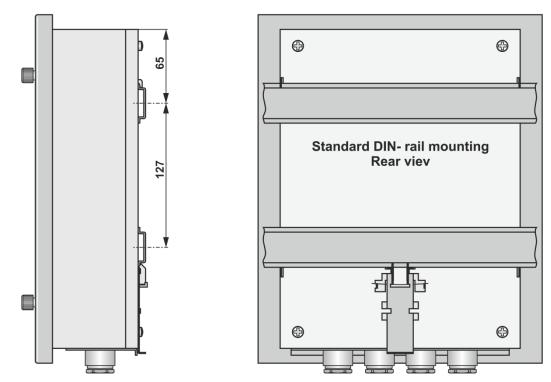
Housing	Sheet steel, RAL 7035 light-grey
 Height 	325 mm incl. cable glands
 Width 	250 mm
 Total depth 	114 mm
 Mounting depth 	87 mm
 Weight 	≤ 6.0 kg
Housing door	with silicate glass
Front panel	Plastic, RAL 7035 grey
	on aluminium brackets
Control panel cut-out	
 Height 	282 mm
 Width 	210 mm
Protection type with	IP 54
flange plate and cable	IP 30 with characteristic
gland	PB1 to PB4
Protection type with	IP 12
brush sealing	IP 10 with characteristic
	PB1 to PB4

Conductor Cross Section and tightening torque of Terminals				
Level	Function/ terminal no.	cross section / mm ²		torque
		stranded	solid	Nm
I	measurement input 110	4	6	0,6
1	BIs, relays, power supply 1160	2,5	2,5	0,6
II	SCADA interface (without REG-PE TK860), 8798, 130151	0,5	0,5	
II	SCADA interface (only REG-PE TK860) 8794	2,5	2,5	0,6
II	Extensions C10, C9099 100113	2,5	2,5	0,6
III	COMs, analogue IO 6186/200211	1,5	1,5	0,25

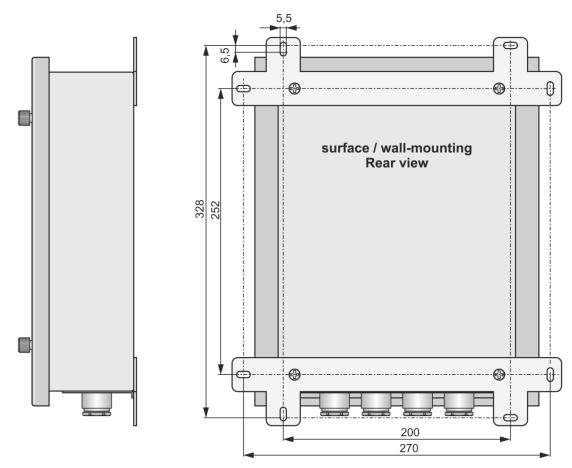


Mechanical dimensions, panel mounting





Mechanical dimensions, DIN rail mounting, in mm



Mechanical dimensions, wall mounting, in mm

General information about the connection technology

The regulator has three printed circuit boards or connection levels.

Level III	
Level II	f
Level I	

The auxiliary voltage, the VT & CT inputs, as well as the relay outputs, binary inputs etc., are all connected on **Level I**.

The hardware for all SCADA connectivity is on Level II.

Additional binary inputs and outputs, and mA inputs and outputs can also be installed on Level II.

There are two slots available, each of which can be equipped with the following modules:

- Module 1 : 6 binary inputs AC/ 48 V...250 V
- Module 2 : 6 relay outputs
- Module 3 : 2 mA inputs
- Module 4 : 2 mA outputs
- Module 5 : PT100 input
- Module 6 : Standalone monitoring unit PAN-A2 occupies both slots

If the REG-DA is equipped with four Ethernet ports (Characteristic PB 1..4), then there is only one slot on level II available for additional in- and outputs.

The connections for the REG-DA COM ports, the E-LANs, additional analogue inputs and outputs, as well as for the PT100 direct input (E91 + E94) or resistance input (E97 + E98) cards, are located on **Level III**.

Optical Protocol Interfaces

For fibre optic serial connections up to a baud rate of 19200 (e.g. DNP, IEC 60870-5-101 or 103), ST, FSMA or VL connectors are directly mounted on the flange plate for access without opening the REG-DA door.

Please refer to the list of characteristics for an overview of the available options.



Fibre optical connection (ST-connector, V17, V19)



Fibre optical connection (FSMA-connector, V13, V15)

When working with an Ethernet connection (such as for IEC 61850, IEC 60870-5-104 or DNP 3.0 over Ethernet), the corresponding plug connection is accessible on Level II (RJ45 and/or LC fibreglass).



Fibre optical connection (2 x Ethernet-LC) at Level II; REG-DA Com ports at Level III



Optical transmitter

Serial communication up to 19200 baud (characteristic V13 ... V19, V22)

Product	Wave length	Fibre	Pmin [dBm] ₁₎	Pmax [dBm] 1)
Fibreglass ST	λ = 820 nm	50/125 μm NA=0.2	-19.8	-12.8
Fibreglass FSMA	s 62.5/125 μm NA=0.275		-16.0	-9.0
		100/140 μm NA=0.3	-10.5	-3.5
		200 μm HCS NA=0.37	-6.2	+1.8
All-plastic	λ = 650 nm	1 mm POF	-7.5	-3.5
ST		200 µm HCS	-18.0	-8.5
All-plastic	λ = 650 nm	1 mm POF	-6.2	0.0
FSMA		200 µm	-16.9	-8.5
All-plastic VL	ic $\lambda = 650 \text{ nm}$ 1mm POF		-16,5²	-7,6²

1) TA = 0..70°C, IF = 60 mA, measured after 1 m fibre optic cable

2) TA = 0..70°C, IF = 60 mA, measured after 0.5 m fibre optic cable

Communication over Ethernet 100 Mbit (100Base FX)

Product	Wave length	Fibre	Pmin [dBm]	Pmax [dBm]
Fibreglass ST Fibreglass LC	1310 nm	62.5/125 μm NA=0.275	-19	-14

Communication over Ethernet 1000 Mbit (1000Base LX)

Product	Wave length	Fibre	Pmin [dBm]	Pmax [dBm]
Fibreglass LC	1310 nm	9/125µm	-9,5	-3

Communication over Ethernet 1000 Mbit (1000Base SX)

Product	Wave length	Fibre	Pmin [dBm]	Pmax [dBm]
Fibreglass LC	850 nm	62.5/125 μm NA=0.275	-9,5	-4

Optical receiver

Serial communication up to 19200 baud (characteristic V13 ... V19, V22)

Product	Wave length	Fibre	Pmin [dBm] ₁₎	Pmax [dBm] ₁₎
Fibreglass ST Fibreglass FSMA	λ = 820 nm	100/140 μm NA=0.3	-24.0	-10.8
All-platic	λ = 650 nm	1 mm POF	-20.0	0.0
ST		200 µm HCS	-22.0	-2.0
All-plastic	λ = 650 nm 1 mm POF		-21.6	-2.0
FSMA		200 µm	-23.0	-3.4
All-plastic VL	λ = 650 nm	1mm POF	-21,6	-9,5

1) TA = 0...70°C, VCC = 5 V±5%, output level LOW (active)

Communication over Ethernet 100 Mbit (100Base Fx)

Product	Wave length	Fibre	Pmin [dBm]	Pmax [dBm]
Fibreglass ST Fibreglass LC	1310 nm	62.5/125 μm NA=0.275	-14	-32

Communication over Ethernet 1000 Mbit (1000Base LX)

Product	Wave length	Fibre	Pmin [dBm]	Pmax [dBm]
Fibreglass LC	1310 nm	9/125µm	-21	-3

Communication over Ethernet 1000 Mbit (1000Base SX)

Product	Wave length	Fibre	Pmin [dBm]	Pmax [dBm]
Fibreglass LC	850 nm	62.5/125 μm NA=0.275	-17	-3

6. Terminal configuration

No.							
Nor		Option	M1*	M2*		M9*	
	2 5	Measuring voltage	U1a U1b	U_{L1} U_{L2}		U1a U1b	
_	8 10	Measuring voltage	-	U _{L3}		U2a U2b	
Level	1 3	S1 S2	Current	input I1			
-	4 6	S1 S2	Current	t input I ₂			
	7 9	S1 S2	Current	input I₃			
	21 22	L/(+) L/(-)					
	63	mA input		+ A1			
	64	mA input		- A1			
	61	mA input or output		+ A2			
Ξ	62	mA input or output		- A2			
Level III	65	mA input or output		+ A3		65	
	66	mA input or output		- A3		66	
	67	mA input or output		+ A4		8	
	68	mA input or output		- A4		68 -2 -7	
	11	Binary input 1		Freely pro	ogr	ammable	
	12	Binary input 2		Freely pro	ogr	ammable	
	13	Binary input 3		Freely pro	ogr	ammable	
	14 Binary input 4			Freely programmable			
	15	Binary input 14		GND			
	16 17	Binary input 5		AUTO MAN			
	17	Binary input 6 Binary input 7		Freely programmable			
	19	Binary input 8				ammable	
	20	Binary input 58		GND			
	23	Binary input 9		BCD 1			
	24	Binary input 10		BCD 2			
	25	Binary input 11		BCD 4			
	26	Binary input 12		BCD 8			
	27	Binary input 91		GND			
	28 29	Binary input 13 Binary input 14		BCD 10			
	30	Binary input 14		BCD cgp			
=	31	Binary input 16		BCD sgn. Freely programmable			
Level	32	Binary input 13	16	GND	0		
_	33			Freely			
	34	/		programm	abl	e R₅	
	35			Freely programm	ahl	R4	
	36			programm	aui	e	
	37 38			Freely programm	abl	e R ₃	
	38 39						
	40						
	41	<u>I</u>	—	lower R ₂		R ₂	
	42						
	43						
	44					_	
	45		—	higher		R ₁	
	46						
	70						

	47			>	R ₁₁
	48			>U	R ₁₀
	49			<u< td=""><td>R₉</td></u<>	R ₉
	50			Local	R ₈
	51			Remote	R ₇
	52		Ī	TC error**	R6
Level I	53			GND	R ₆ R ₁₁
Le	54			closes in the eve	-
	55			Life contact (sta	
	56			opens in the eve	
				- · ·	
	57			MANUAL	
	58	I	1	MAN/AUTO	
	59			AUTO	
	69	E-			
	70	E+	E-LAN	(L)	
	71 72	EA- >			
	200	GND			
	73	E-			
	74				
	75 EA E-LA			(R)	
	76	EA+			
	201	GND			
	77	Tx+			
	78	Tx-			
	79	Rx+	COM3	(RS485)	
=	80	Rx-			
Level III	81	GND			
Lev	82	TxD		/ COM5 (RS232) vices with charact	oristic C2
	83	RxD		mware version ≥ 3	
	84 85	RTS >	ESCC2	version ≥ 10 the 0	COM2 can
	85 86	GND		t into COM2 and (D, 85:RxD, 86:GNI	
	202	DCF-	<u>, -</u>	,,	,
	202	DCF+	DCF 77	7 ***	
	203	GND	- 5. 77		
	205	TxD			
	206	RxD			
	207	rts ≻		 – S / COM 4 (CON ices with character 	
	208	СТЅ	on dev		- istic 52)
	209	GND)			
	210	GND		ower supply outp	ut 5 V DC
	211	VCC+	(max. 2		
Level II	Please refer to Terminal Configuration Level II (page 16) for additional fitting options on Level II. And to the terminal configuration of the SCADA interface on page 17 for the SCADA interface connections.				
Option M1 Used for standard applications.					

Three-wire networks are generally considered as symmetrical (11 = 12 = 13)

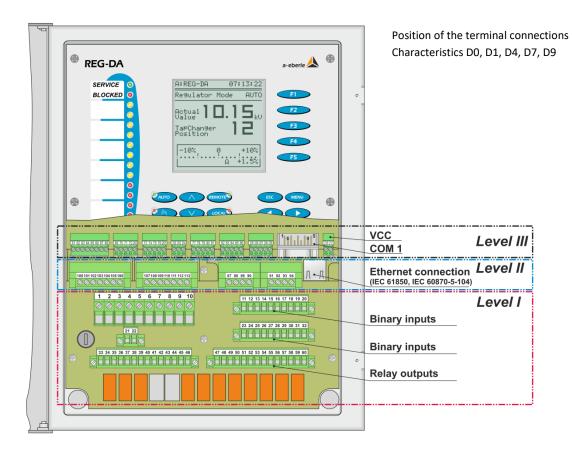
Option M2 Only used in asymmetrically loaded three-phase systems $(\mathsf{I1}\neq\mathsf{I2}\neq\mathsf{I3})$

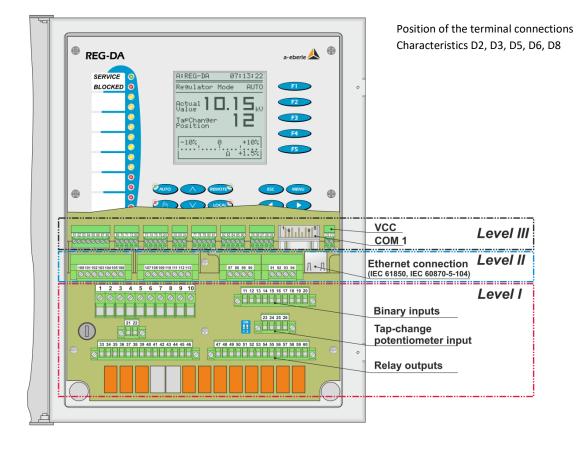
Option M9 For triple-wound applications, two galvanically isolated voltage inputs are available for U1 and U2.

- ** TC = tap changer
- *** Please refer to terminal configuration of the SCADA interface on page 17 for the SCADA interface connections.
- *** The DCF77 input is implemented from FW 2.22 onwards.

The allocation of terminals 23 to 32 changes depending on characteristics D0 / D1/ D4 / D7 / D9 and D2 / D3 / D5/ D6 / D8







6.1 Terminal Configuration Level II

Examples for Characteristics: C9.x, C10, C91...C99



It's not possible to combine all of the features Cxx with four Ethernet ports (characteristic PB1...4). Please refer to the order specifications for more details. The specific terminal configuration of a REG-DA can be found in the wiring diagram!

Characteristic C10 – Standalone monitoring function

	No.		
	100	lower command	
	101	interlock	
	102	 raise command	
	103	interlock	
	104	Overvoltage >U	
9	105	 Root	
ule	106	Undervoltage <u< td=""><td></td></u<>	
Module	107	measuring voltage	U1a
Σ	108	measuring voltage	U1b
	109		COM1 / RxD
	110	COM 1	COM1 / TxD
	111	COM 2	COM1/2/GND
	112	RS 232	COM2 / RxD
	113		COM2 / TxD

Characteristic C9.1 - (2 x PT100)

	No.			
5	100		lk+	
Module	101	PT100	Ue+	A10
ро	102	11100	Ue-	/110
Σ	103		lk-	
5	104	PT100	lk+	A12
Module	105		Ue+	
po	106		Ue-	
Ž	107		lk-	

Characteristic C91 – 6 additional binary inputs AC/DC 48 V ... 250 V

	No.					
	100	Binary input	E17			
	101	Binary input	E18			
e 1	102	Binary input	E19			
qul	103	Binary input	E20			
Module	104	Binary input	E21			
	105	Binary input	E22			
	106	GND	E17 E22			

Characteristic C92 – 12 additional binary inputs AC/DC 48 V ... 250 V

	No.		
	100	Binary input	E17
	101	Binary input	E18
e 1	102	Binary input	E19
Module 1	103	Binary input	E20
Ň	104	Binary input	E21
_	105	Binary input	E22
	106	GND	E17 E22
	107	Binary input	E23
	108	Binary input	E24
e 1	109	Binary input	E25
qul	110	Binary input	E26
Module 1	111	Binary input	E27
_	112	Binary input	E28
	113	GND	E23 E28

Characteristic C93 – 6 additional relay outputs (NOC)

No.			
100	/		R12
101	_ _		R13
С <u>102</u> 103 104		R14	
		R15	
		R16	
105	_ _		R17
106	J		GND R12 R17
	100 101 102 103 104 105	100 101 102 103 104 105	100 101 102 103 104 105

Characteristic C94 - 12 additional outputs (NOC)

	No.		
	100	/	R12
	101		R13
Module 2	102		R14
qul	103	_ _	R15
δ	104	_ _	R16
	105	_ _	R17
	106		GND R12 R17
	107		R18
	108		R19
e 2	109		R20
qul	110		R21
Module 2	111		R22
-	112		R23
	113		GND R18 R23

Characteristic C95– 6 additional binary inputs AC/DC 48 V ... 250 V and 6 additional relay outputs (NOC)

	No.			
	100	Binary input		E17
	101	Binary input		E18
e 1	102	Binary input		E19
Module	103	Binary input		E20
δ	104	Binary input		E21
	105	Binary input		E22
	106	GND		E17 E22
	107			R12
	108			R13
e 2	109			R14
Module 2	110			R15
γ	111	_ _		R16
_	112	_ _		R17
	113			GND R12 R17

Characteristic C96 - 2 additional analogue inputs

	No.			
З	100	analogue input	+	A10
ule	101	analogue input	-	A10
lod	102	analogue input	+	A11
Σ	103	analogue input	-	~11

Characteristic C97 - 4 additional analogue inputs

	No.			
ŝ	100	analogue input	+	A10
ule	101		-	
Module	102	analogue input	+	A11
≥	103	analogue input	-	
З	104	analogue input	+	A12
ule	105		-	712
Module	106	analogue input	+	A13
Σ	107	analogue input	-	A13

Characteristic C98 – 2 additional analogue outputs

	No.			
4	100	analogue output	+	A10
odule	101		-	710
lod	102	analogue output	+	A11
Σ	103		-	711

Characteristic C99 - 4 additional analogue outputs

	No.			
4	100	analogue output	+	A10
ule	101	analogue output	-	/110
Module	102	analogue output	+	A11
≥	103	analogue output	-	/11
4	104	analogue output	+	A12
ule	105	analogue output	-	712
Module	106	analogue output	+	A13
Σ	107	analogue output	-	A13



6.2 Terminal Configuration for SCADA interface on Level II

Characteristics: Z01, 03, 10..15, 17..23, 90, 91, 99, XW90...98, CS, PB, CZ

Characteristics Z10..15, 17..20, 90, 91

REG-P TK400 communication interface (discontinued item, for replacement see REG-P^{\oplus} TK28-4 in the right column)

	No.			
COM1 RS485	87	RS485-N (B)		
CO RS ²	88	RS485-P (A)		
	89	RS232-TxD		
5 H	90	RS232-RxD		
COM1 RS232	91	RS232-RTS		
0 8	92	RS232-CTS		
	93	RS232-GND		
PE	94	PE		
<u>.</u>	95	Fibre optic In	Fibro ontio	
M1 opt	96	Fibre optic Out	Fibre optic module	↓
COM1 fibre optic	97	Fibre optic GND	(optional)	Fibre optic
ţ.	98	Fibre optic VCC	,	cable
Etherne	et 1	RJ45 connector		

Characteristic Z99–Profibus-DP communication interface

	No.	
F	1	RS232-GND
PARAM (RJ11)	2	RS232-GND
RJ (RJ	3	RS232-RxD
<u>ц</u>	4	RS232-TxD
, (O	3	B-Line (Rx/Tx +)
B-D	4	RTS
Profibus- PP (SUB-D	5	GND BUS
Prc DP (6	+5 V BUS
	8	A-Line (Rx/Tx -)

Characteristics XW90..93+97+98

REG-PE TK 860 communication interface (discontinued item, for replacement see REG-P(E)[®] TK28-4/6 in the right column)

	No.					
H	87	RS232-RxD	RS232-RxD			
PARAM1	88	RS232-TxD	RS232-TxD			
AR	89	RS232-GND				
<u>д</u>	90	RS232-GND	RS232-GND-SCR			
2	91	RS232-RxD				
PARAM 2	92	RS232-TxD	RS232-TxD			
AR/	93	RS232-GND				
۲.	94	RS232-GND	RS232-GND-SCR			
Ethernet	RJ45	connector	or	Fibre optic cable (ST or LC)		

Characteristics CS90..91+97+98 combined with PB0, Charact. Z01+03+10..15+17..20+22..23+90..91, CZ01+03+10..23+90..91

REG-P[®] TK 28-4A communication interface

	Nr.				
	130	AUART2 Rx (internal	AUART2 Rx (internal use only)		
	131	AUART2 Tx (internal use only)			
FO	132	Fibre optic Rx	Fibre optic module	▲	
	133	Fibre optic Tx		—	
5V ext.	134	GND	(optional)	Fibre optic	
эт сле.	135	5V DC output	(optional)	cable	
PE	136	PE			
	137	PE			
	138	GND COM1			
	139	RS485-P (B) COM1			
1	140	RS485-N (A) COM1			
COM1	141	RS232-TxD COM1			
Ō	142	RS232-RxD COM1			
	143	RS232-RTS COM1			
	144	RS232-CTS COM1			
	145	RS485-P (B) COM3			
	146	RS485-N (A) COM3			
13	147	RS232-TxD COM3			
COM3	148	RS232-RxD COM3			
Ō	149	RS232-RTS COM3			
	150	RS232-CTS COM3			
	151	GND COM3			
PARAM		Micro USB			
Etherr	net 1	RJ45 connector			

Characteristics XW94..96,

Characteristics CS92..96+98 combined with PB0

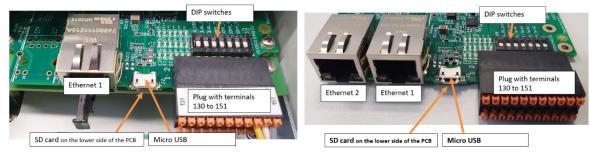
REG-PE [®] TK 28-6A communication interface	
--	--

	Nr.					
			1			
	130	AUART2 Rx (internal use only)				
	131	AUART2 Tx (internal use only)				
FO	132	Fibre optic Rx			la la constitución de la const	
	133	Fibre optic Tx			lot available on	
5V ext.	134	GND		К	EG-PE TK28-6A	
	135	5V DC output				
PE	136	PE				
	137	PE				
	138	GND COM1				
	139	RS485-P (B) CC	DM1			
<u>_</u>	140	RS485-N (A) CO	DM1			
COM1	141	RS232-TxD CO	M1			
ö	142	RS232-RxD COM1				
	143	RS232-RTS COM1				
	144	RS232-CTS COM1				
	145	RS485-P (B) CC	DM4			
	146	RS485-N (A) CO	OM4			
4	147	RS232-TxD COM4				
COM4	148	RS232-RxD COM4				
8	149	RS232-RTS COM4				
	150	RS232-CTS COM4				
	151	GND COM4				
PARAM		Micro USB				
Etherr	net 1	RJ45 connector		or	Fibre optic (LC)	
Etherr	net 2	RJ45 connector		or	Fibre optic (LC)	

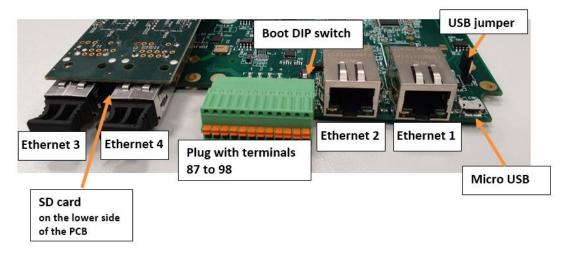
Characteristics PB1..4

			5 PB14					
REG-F	PEDS	-	A communicatio	on interface				
		Nr.						
		87	RS485-P (B) C	OM1				
		88	RS485-N (A) C	0M1				
H		89	RS232-TxD CO	DM1				
COM1		90	RS232-RxD CC	RS232-RxD COM1				
õ		91	RS232-RTS CO	M1				
		92	RS232-CTS CO	M1				
		93	GND COM1					
PE		94	PE					
5		95	PARAM-RxD					
PARAM		96	PARAM-TxD					
P/	xt.	97	GND	ND				
	5V ext.	98	5V DC output	5V DC output (only for A. Eberle use)				
Et	herr	net 1	RJ45 connector	or	Fibre optic (LC)			
Et	Ethernet 2		RJ45 connector	or	Fibre optic (LC)			
Et	Ethernet 3		RJ45 connector	or	Fibre optic (LC)			
Et	herr	net 4	RJ45 connector	or	Fibre optic (LC)			

6.3 Interface assignment REG-P[®] TK28-4A and REG-PE[®] TK28-6A

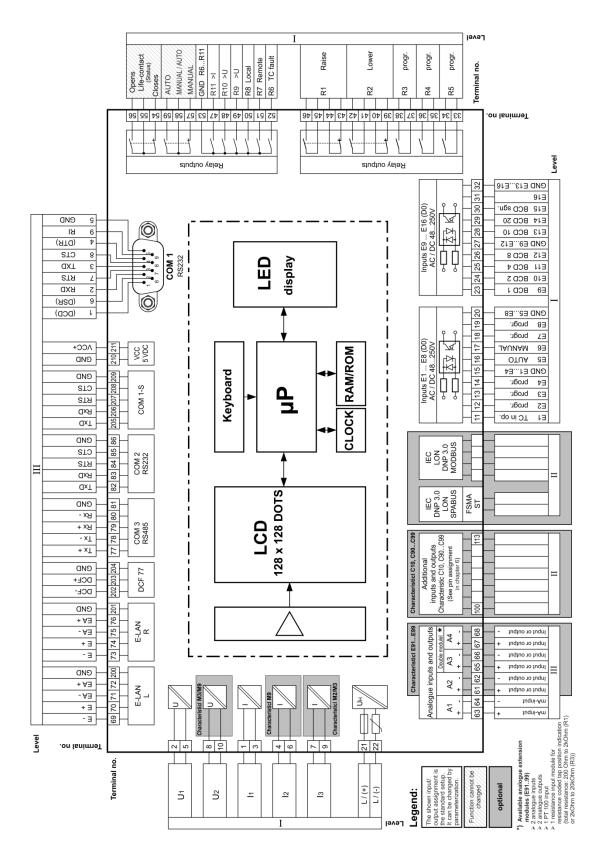


6.4 Interface assignment REG-PED^{sv} TK102



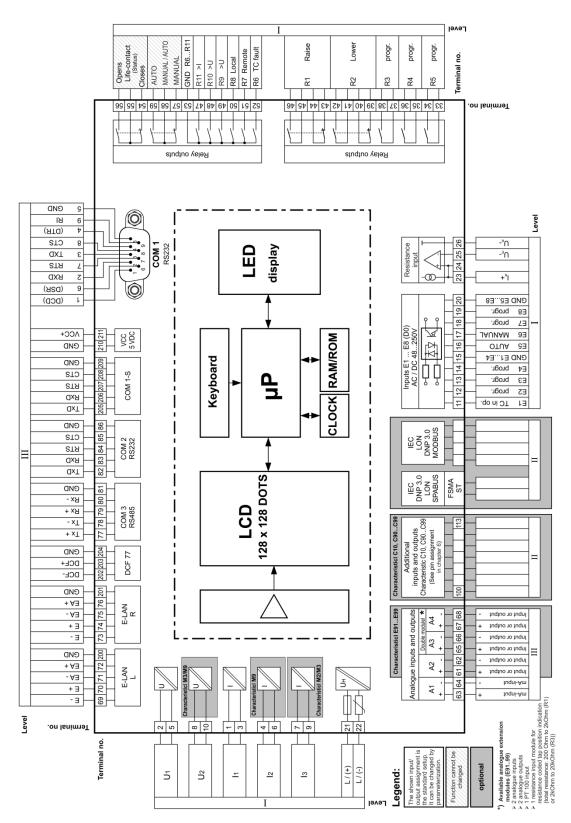


6.5 Block diagram - Characteristics D0, D1, D4, D7, D9



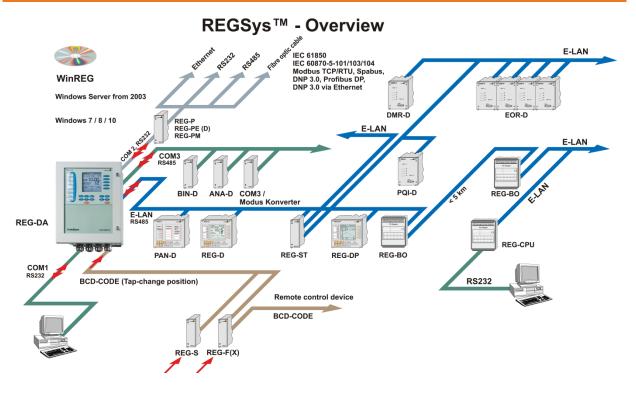
*) The dual module comes as a dual mA input module or a dual mA output module. The position is occupied by a PT100 module if the temperature is to be recorded directly.

6.6 Block diagram - Characteristics D2, D3, D5, D6, D8



*) The dual module comes as a dual mA input module or a dual mA output module. The position is occupied by a PT100 module if the temperature is to be recorded directly.





7. Interfaces and software

Several regulators need to be interconnected in a network when transformers are connected in parallel. The $\Delta I^* \sin \varphi$, $\Delta I^* sin \phi$ (S) and Master-Follower parallel programs can only be implemented through the system bus (ELAN). This bus enables each of the members in a group of parallel regulators to communicate with each other easily, without using any additional components.

The regulators do not have to be connected in order to run a parallel program that functions in accordance to the $\Delta \cos \varphi$ method. It may not be possible to connect the participants due to the long distances between them, for example.

If an interconnection needs to be established over long distances, the ELAN can be redirected through a fibre optic cable or an Ethernet connection.

7.1 Serial interfaces

The REG-DA has two (three) RS232 serial interfaces with three connections (COM1, COM1-S (COM4), COM2).

COM1 is the parameterisation interface, while COM1-S is an alternative connection option for COM1. COM1 has priority, meaning that when COM1 is connected, COM1-S is disabled. Devices connected to COM1-S do not have to be physically disconnected. This enables COM1-S to function as an alternative remote parameterisation interface that is only active when parameters are not being set locally. On devices with characteristic S2 it's possible to switch the COM1-S interface into a permanently working COM interface (COM4). The COM4 uses the same physical connection then the COM1-S. The COM1 can also be configured as a USB port (optional).

COM2 is mainly used to connect the regulator to the SCADA system. If a SACDA interface is not installed, COM2 in the terminal compartment can be used to connect a modem, a COM server, a PC or a DCF77 receiver.

Connection Elements

COM1	Sub-D 9-pole male (optionally as mini-USB) at Level III
COM1-S / COM4	Terminal connection at Level III
COM2 / COM5	Terminal connection at Level III
Connection options	PC, modem, PLC, SCADA interface, DCF77 signal
Number of data	Data bits: 8
bits/protocol	Parity: even, none
Transmission rate bit/s	1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, 230400*, 460800*, 921600*
HANDSHAKE	RTS / CTS, XON / XOFF, delay, none

* Only available on REG-DA with feature S2 on COM1 and COM2

ELAN (Energy - Local Area Network)

Each REG-DA regulator comes with two E-LAN interfaces that are used to connect individual regulators and monitoring units to a voltage regulation system.

E-LAN Characteristics

- 255 addressable participants
- Multi-master structure
- Integrated repeater function
- Open ring, bus or point-to-point connection possible
- Transmission rate 15.6 ... 375 kbit/s

COM3 (peripheral interface)

Com3 is an RS485 or optional fibre optic interface used to connect up to 16 interface modules (BIN D, ANA D) in any combination to a REG-D or PAN-D. A COM3/Modbus converter can also be selected, in order to establish direct serial communication with other Modbus devices. This enables the REG-DA to acquire values such as the winding temperature or the gas-in-oil ratio from other devices and transmit them to the SCADA or record them in Recorder mode.

Time Synchronisation Input (DCF input)

A time synchronisation input enables the time on the REG-DA to be synchronised using a DCF77 signal. This input is designed for an RS485 (5 V) signal and can be wired as a time synchronisation bus to several devices. The termination (terminating resistor) can be switched on and off by using jumpers or switches on the CPU board.

If a DCF signal cannot be received, a GPS clock or controller card that emulates a DCF signal can be used. Time can also be synchronised through SCADA.

The dedicated time synchronisation input via DCF is not supported until firmware version 2.22.

7.2 WinREG Parameterisation and Configuration Software

WinREG is used to parameterise and program the system. WinREG is modular and consists of the following programs: PanelView enables you to display an accurate replica of each device and its operating options on your PC screen. All buttons and functions are active from this replica, and multiple devices on the ELAN can be displayed at once. REGPara enables each of the components to be quickly and easily parameterised. The parameters are set in a straightforward tab structure, and can be saved for later use or transferred to another regulator on the ELAN bus. The Terminal enables direct communication with the system.

The WinREG Terminal is much easier to use than the normal terminal programs and makes programming the system a lot easier.

Service enables the logbook and the tap statistics to be read out of the devices and archived.

This is also where the parameters for daylight savings, the allocation of add-on modules, and the remote control of simulation mode are found.

The Collector reads the recorded data from the REG-DA and archives it on the PC.

REGView is used to view and analyse recorded data directly on the REG-DA or in a data file (collector).

The WinTM module (parameters for the transformer monitoring module) and the WinDM module (parameters for the transformer monitoring device without voltage regulator) complete the software suite. WinREG runs on the following operating systems:

- Windows 7 / 8 / 10
- Windows Server from 2003 onwards

Most of the settings can be made either directly on the regulator using the regulator's membrane keyboard, or centrally through WinREG. If the device is to be accessed through a central point, all of the regulators must be connected to each other through the E-LAN.



REG-DA Parameters (selection)

Parameter	Setting range
	± 0.1 10 % or
Permissible (voltage) deviation	±0.1 100 % for P/Q
	regulation
Time factor	0.1 30
Setpoint value 12	60.0 140.0 V
	60.0 140.0 V or
Setpoint value 34	-500 500% for P/Q
	regulation
	$\Delta U \cdot t = const$
Time behaviour	REG 5A/E
	LINEAR
	CONST
Trend memory	0 60 s
Current influence	Apparent current
	Active current
(load-dependent setpoint)	Reactive current
Apparent, active, reactive	
current	
Increase (I) (pos.)	0 400 V/In
Increase (I) (neg.)	0 400 V/In
Limit (I) (max.)	-40 40 V
Limit (I) (min.)	-40 40 V
DC (Line dren comparentian)	R : 0 ± 100 Ω
LDC (Line drop compensation)	X : 0 ± 100 Ω
Undervoltage <u< td=""><td>-25% +10 %</td></u<>	-25% +10 %
Overvoltage >U	0 25 %
Overcurrent >I	0 210% (1A / 5A)
Undercurrent >I	0 100 % (1A / 5A)
Inhibit High	65 V 150 V
Fast switching forward	035 %
Fast switching backward	0 35 %
nhibit low	-75 % 0 %
Switching delay for <u,>U, <i,< td=""><td></td></i,<></u,>	
inhibit high,	1 999 s
Fast switching,	(Fast step-up 2999 s
Inhibit low can be set	,
separately	
Parallel programs	dl*sin(phi)
	dl*sin(phi)[S]
	dcos (phi) Master-Slave
	MSI
	MSI2
TC in operation - maximum	
time	3 40 s

7.3 REGSim[™] Simulation Software

REGSim[™] was designed to simulate the parallel connection of several transformers in any network and load¬ configuration, and to show the results on a PC.

To ensure that the REG-DA produces the same results during the simulation as in a live environment, the transformers, the network and the load are accurately recreated mathematically.

The authenticity of the simulation is guaranteed because $REGSim^{TM}$ uses the REG-DA regulator's original algorithm.

All of the settings match those of the real regulator and the simulation is run in real time.

 $\mathsf{REGSim}^{\mathsf{TM}}$ enables parameters to be tested and set before using them in a live environment.

8. Order specifications

- Only one code of the same capital letter is possible
- When the capital letter is followed by number 9, further details could be necessary
- The code can be omitted when the capital letter is followed by zero or one option is marked as standard
- Some characteristics cannot be combined with all of the other characteristics. Please read the notes and explanations.

CHARACTERISTIC	CODE
REG-DA Relay for OLTC control & Transformer Monitoring (Automatic Voltage Regulator) with E-LAN double interface, COM 2, COM 3, one mA-input to be used e.g. for measurement of oil temp. or as tap-changer position input via resistance transducer; Standard 16 binary inputs, 12 relay outputs, and status output, inclusive software for setting of parameters, programming and visualisation of all REG-DA data, incl. connecting cable.	REG-DA
Note: COM2 is only freely accessible when operated without SCADA interface.	
 Model Sheet steel housing (H x W x D) 307 x 250 x 102 mm including flange plate with cable glands, brush sealing (alternatively mountable) and mounting material for panel or wall mounting Sheet steel housing (H x W x D) 307 x 250 x 102 mm including flange plate with cable glands, brush sealing (alternatively mountable) and mounting material for panel or wall mounting and standard DIN rail adapter 	B0 B1
 Serial interface COM1 Serial interface COM1: RS232 with SUB-D connector (9-pin male), standard if charact. is not specified Serial interface COM1: USB (Mini-USB connector) 	10 11
Power supply Power supply: AC 100V 110V 240V / DC 100V 220V 300V Power supply: DC 20V 60V 70V	H0 H2
 Input current (rated value) Rated input current: Ir 1A (subsequently modifiable) Rated input current: Ir 5A (subsequently modifiable) 	F1 F2
 Voltage and current measurement Three-wire three-phase system balanced load (1x U, 1x I) Three-wire three-phase system unbalanced load (2x U, 2x I, Aron connection) Measured quantities: primary voltage U, secondary voltage U and current I (2x U, 1x I) Other application with 2 x CT's and 2 x VT's; but 3 windings transformer always active (deactivation possible) 	M1 M2 M3 M9
 Recorder function for quantities like U, I, P, Q, S, PF, tap position incl. PC software Recorder function incl. PC software: without Recorder function incl. PC software: for max. three channels Recorder function incl. PC software: for max. 256 channels (4 x 64), 108 MB internal memory and upgraded CPU, including S1 Note: If Sampled Values (IEC 61850-9-2LE) are used the feature S2 is mandatory! 	S0 S1 S2
 Transformer monitoring according to IEC 60354 or IEC 60076 Without Transformer Monitoring With Transformer Monitoring in accordance to IEC 60354 and IEC 60076 With extended Transformer Monitoring: moisture in paper/oil, bubbling temperature (T1 incl.) Note: The feature T2 is only available in combination with the features S2 	T0 T1 T2
 Parallel operation Parallel operation: without Parallel operation: with (incl. ParaGramer) Feature K1 and additional HVLVControl Feature K1 and additional Crosslink Feature K1 and additional Crosslink & HVLVControl Feature K1 and additional Ringlink Feature K1 and additional Ringlink & HVLVControl 	K0 K1 K2 K3 K4 K5 K6



CHARACTERISTIC	CODE
PQCtrl – Active or reactive power control	
PQCtrl: Without	PO
PQCtrl: With	P1
Additional analogue inputs and outputs	
• without	E00
• 1 x PT 100 input	E91
2 x mA-inputs	E92
2 x mA-outputs	E93
1 x PT 100 input and 1 x mA-output	E94
2 x mA inputs and 1 x mA-output	E95
• 3 x mA-outputs	E96
 1 x resistor module R1 (180Ω2kΩ, min 5Ω / step) 	E97
 1 x resistor module R3 (2kΩ20kΩ, min 50Ω / step) 	E98
1 x PT 100 input and 1 mA-Input	E9.1
• 1 x mA-output	E9.2
1 x mA-input	E9.3
 1 x mA-output and resistor module R3 (2kΩ20kΩ, min 50Ω / step) 	E9.4
• 3 x mA-inputs	E9.5
 1 x mA-output and 1 resistor module R1 (180Ω2kΩ, min 5Ω / step) 	E9.6
 1 x mA-input and resistor module R3 (2kΩ20kΩ, min 50Ω / step) 	E9.8
 1 x mA-input and resistor module R1 (180Ω2kΩ, min 5Ω / step) 	E9.9
1 x mA-input and 2 x mA-outputs	E9.10
 other combinations of inputs and outputs 	E99
Binary inputs and tap change potentiometer input	
 16 binary inputs AC/DC 48250 V (E1E16) 	D0
• 8 binary inputs AC/DC 1050 V (E1E8) and 8 units AC/DC 48250 V (E9E16)	D1
• 16 binary inputs AC/DC 1050 V (E1E16)	D4
• 16 binary inputs AC/DC 190250 V (E1E16)	D7
 16 binary inputs AC/DC 80250 V (E1E16) 	D9
• Resistor input R1 (total resistance 1802 k Ω , min 5 Ω /step) and 8 binary inputs AC/DC 48V250V	D2
• Resistor input R3 (total resistance $2k20k\Omega$, min 50Ω /step) and 8 binary inputs AC/DC 10V50V	D3
• Resistor input R1 (total resistance 1802 k Ω , min 5 Ω /step) and 8 binary inputs AC/DC 10V50V	D5
• Resistor input R3 (total resistance $2k20k\Omega$, min 50Ω /step) and 8 binary inputs AC/DC 48V250V	D6
• Resistor input R3 (total resistance $2k20k\Omega$, min 50Ω /step) and 8 binary inputs AC/DC 80V250V	D8

CHARACTERISTIC	CODE
Level II: additional inputs and outputs as well as the monitoring function PAN-A2	
 without additional inputs and outputs on level II 	C00
• 6 x AC/DC 48250V (BI17BI22)	C91
12 x AC/DC 48250V (BI17BI28) (not in combination with PB14)	C92
• 6 x relays (BO12BO17)	C93
12 x relays (BO12BO23) (not in combination with PB14)	C94
6 x AC/DC 48250V (BI17BI22) and 6 x relays (BO12BO17) (not in combination with PB14)	C95
2 x mA-inputs	C96
4 x mA-inputs (not in combination with PB14)	C97
2 x mA-outputs	C98
4 x mA-outputs (not in combination with PB14)	C99
Monitoring function (PAN-A2) (not in combination with PB14)	C10
2 x PT 100 inputs (not in combination with PB14)	C9.1
6 x AC/DC 80250V (BI17BI22) and 1 x PT 100 input (not in combination with PB14)	C9.2
1 x PT 100 input	C9.4
6 x relays (BO12BO17) and 2 x mA-outputs (not in combination with PB14)	C9.5
12 x AC/DC 48250V (BI17BI28) and 6 x AC/DC 1050V (BI29BI34) (not in combination with Sca	da) C9.6
6 x AC/DC 1050V (BI17BI22)	C9.7
12 x AC/DC 80250V (BI17BI28) (not in combination with PB14)	C9.9
6 x AC/DC 48250V (BI17BI22) and 1 x PT 100 input (not in combination with PB14)	C9.10
1 x PT 100 input and 2 x mA-inputs (not in combination with PB14)	C9.11
6 x AC/DC 80V250V (BI17BI22)	C9.12
6 x AC/DC 80V250V (BI17BI22) and 2 x mA-inputs (not in combination with PB14)	C9.13
2 x mA-outputs and 1 x PT 100 input (not in combination with PB14)	C9.14
2 x mA-outputs and 2 x mA-inputs (not in combination with PB14)	C9.16
6 x AC/DC 48250V (BI17BI22) and 2 x mA-inputs (not in combination with PB14)	C9.17
Other combinations 6 inputs, 6 outputs, 2 analogue inputs, 2 analogue outputs or PT100 input	C90
(check number of slots in combination with PB14)	
lote for C90: Two slots are usually available on Level II. Each slot can be equipped with 6 binary inputs,	6
inary outputs or with an analogue module. In case that none SCADA-communication (XW90 9x,	
S909x, L1L9) is selected, up to four additional modules can be equipped!	
n case of four Ethernet ports (characteristic PB14) the feature C90 can only use one slot.	
COM3 interface	
with RS485 (standard, feature may be omitted)	R1
with RS485 and for remote components fibre optic interface (fibre glass) with ST connector	R2
lote: COM3 is needed for ANA-D, BIN-D and COM3/Modbus converter.	



CHARACTERISTIC	CODE	
Integrated SCADA connection for Ethernet based protocols (e.g. IEC 61850) without cyber security		
option		
 without ethernet based protocols without cyber security option (continue with charact. group 'CS') 	XW00	
 IEC 60870-5-104 with 1x RJ 45 (continue with characteristic group 'G') 	XW90	
 IEC 60870-5-104 with 1x FO-ST connection (continue with characteristic group 'G') 	XW90 XW92	
Note : Please specify the target SCADA system for connections in conformity with IEC 60850-5-104.	XW52	
 IEC 61850 with 1x RJ 45 connection (continue with characteristic group 'G') 	XW91	
 IEC 61850 with 1x FO-ST connection (continue with characteristic group 'G') 	XW93	
 IEC 61850 with 1x FO-LC connection (continue with characteristic group 'G') 	XW93.1	
 IEC 61850 with 2x RJ45 connection (continue with characteristic group 'G') 	XW94	
 IEC 61850 with 2x FO-ST connection (continue with characteristic group 'G') 	XW95	
 IEC 61850 with 2x FO-LC connection (continue with characteristic group 'G') 	XW95.1	
 IEC 61850 with 1x RJ45 and 1x FO-ST connection (continue with characteristic group 'G') 	XW96	
 IEC 61850 with 1x RJ45 and 1x FO-LC connection (continue with characteristic group 'G') 	XW96.1	
Note: Please specify the target SCADA system for connections in conformity with IEC 61850.		Ϊţγ
		WITHOUT Cyber Security
 DNP 3.0 over Ethernet with 1x RJ45 connection (continue with characteristic group 'G') 	XW97	Se
 DNP 3.0 over Ethernet with 2x RJ45 connection (continue with characteristic group 'G') 	XW94.1	Jer
 DNP 3.0 over Ethernet with 1x FO-ST connection (continue with characteristic group 'G') 	XW98	5
 DNP 3.0 over Ethernet with 1x FO-LC connection (continue with characteristic group 'G') 	XW98.1	Ę
 DNP 3.0 over Ethernet with 2x FO-ST connection (continue with characteristic group 'G') 	XW95.2	õ
 DNP 3.0 over Ethernet with 2x FO-LC connection (continue with characteristic group 'G') 	XW95.5	É
• DNP 3.0 over Ethernet with 1x RJ45 and 1x FO-ST connection (continue with characteristic group 'G')	XW96.4	\geq
• DNP 3.0 over Ethernet with 1 x RJ45 and 1 x FO-LC connection (continue with characteristic group 'G')	XW96.5	
Note : Please specify the target SCADA system for connections in conformity with DNP 3.0.		
 MODBUS TCP/IP with 2x RJ45 connection (continue with code "G") MODBUS TTP: The product of the second s	XW94.2	
 MODBUS RTU with RS485 and with 1x RJ45 and 1x FO-ST) connection (continue with code "G") 	XW96.2	
 SPABUS with 1x RJ 45 (continue with code "Gx") 		
 SPABUS with 1x FO-ST-connection (continue with code "Gx") 	XW91.2	
 SPABUS with 1x FO-LC-connection (continue with code "Gx") 	XW93.2	
 SPABUS with 2x RJ 45 (continue with code "Gx") 	XW93.3	
SPABUS with 1x RS485 and with 2x RJ45 (continue with code "Gx")	XW94.4	
SPABUS with 2x FO-ST-connection (continue with code "Gx")	XW94.5	
 SPABUS with 2x FO-LC-connection (continue with code "Gx") 	XW95.3 XW95.4	
	AVV90.4	
other SCADA protocols on demand	XW99	

	CODE	
tegrated SCADA connection for Ethernet based protocols (e.g. IEC 61850) with cyber security option		
without (continue with code 'L')	CS00	
IEC 60870-5-104 with 1x RJ 45 (continue with code "SN")	CS90	
IEC 60870-5-104 with 1x FO-ST connection (continue with code "SN")	CS92	
ote: Please specify the target SCADA system for connections in conformity with IEC 60850-5-104.		
IEC 61850 with 1x RJ 45 (continue with code "SN")	CS91	
IEC 61850 with 1x FO-ST connection (continue with code "SN")	CS93	
IEC 61850 with 1x FO-LC connection (continue with code "SN")	CS93.1	
IEC 61850 with 2x RJ45 connection (continue with code "PB")	CS94	
IEC 61850 with 2x FO-ST connection (continue with code "PB")	CS95	
IEC 61850 with 2x FO-LC connection (continue with code "PB")	CS95.1	
IEC 61850 with 1x RJ45 and 1x FO-ST connection (continue with code "PB")	CS96	
IEC 61850 with 1x RJ45 and 1x FO-LC connection (continue with code "PB")	CS96.1	
ote: Please specify the target SCADA system for connections in conformity with IEC 61850.		
DNP 3.0 over Ethernet with 1x RJ45 connection (continue with code "SN")	CS97	
DNP 3.0 over Ethernet with 2x RJ45 connection (continue with code "PB")	CS94.1	
DNP 3.0 over Ethernet with 1x FO-ST connection (continue with code "SN")	CS98	
DNP 3.0 over Ethernet with 1x FO-LC connection (continue with code "SN")	CS98.1	
DNP 3.0 over Ethernet with 2x FO-ST connection (continue with code "PB")	CS95.2	
DNP 3.0 over Ethernet with 2x FO-LC connection (continue with code "PB")	CS95.5	
DNP 3.0 over Ethernet with 1x RJ45 and 1 x FO-ST connection (continue with code "PB")	CS96.4	
DNP 3.0 over Ethernet with 1x RJ45 and 1 x FO-LC connection (continue with code "PB")	CS96.5	
ote: Please specify the target SCADA system for connections in conformity with DNP 3.0.		
MODBUS TCP/IP with 2x RJ45 connection (continue with code "PB")	CS94.2	
MODBUS RTU with RS485 and with 1x RJ45 and 1x FO-ST connection (continue with code "PB")	CS96.2	0
SPABUS with 1x RJ 45 (continue with code "SN")	CS91.2	E E
SPABUS with 1x FO-ST connection (continue with code "SN")	CS93.2	
SPABUS with 1x FO-LC connection (continue with code "SN")	CS93.3	
SPABUS with 2x RJ 45 (continue with code "PB")	CS94.4	
SPABUS with 1x RS485 and with 2x RJ45 (continue with code "PB")	CS94.5	
SPABUS with 2x FO-ST connection (continue with code "PB")	CS95.3	
SPABUS with 2x FO-LC connection (continue with code "PB")	CS95.4	
other SCADA protocols on demand	CS99	
dd. Ethernet ports (4 in total) e.g. Process bus according to IEC 61850-9-2LE:		_
without (continue with code "SN")	PB0	
2 x RJ45 (100/1000 Mbit) (continue with code "SN")	PB1	
1 x RJ45 and 1 x FO- LC (1 GBit, Multimode, SX) (continue with code "SN")	PB4SX	
1 x RJ45 and 1 x FO- LC (1 GBit, Multimode, LX) (continue with code "SN")	PB4LX	
1 x RJ45 and 1 x FO- LC (100 MBit, Multimode) (continue with code "SN") 2 x FO- LC (1000 MBit, Multimode, SX) (continue with code "SN")	PB4 PB3SX	
2 x FO- LC (1000 MBit, Multimode, SX) (continue with code "SN") 2 x FO- LC (1000 MBit, Multimode, LX) (continue with code "SN")	PB3SX PB3LX	
2 x FO- LC (100 MBit, Multimode, LX) (continue with code "SN")	PB3LX PB3	
ote: If the feature PB is used for sampled values (IEC 61850-9-2LE) the feature S2 is mandatory!	PD3	
or PB 14, the fibre optic Ethernet standard can also be selected for the underlying code "CS"; if no entry		
made, 100MBit applies. If LX or SX is specified, the according 1000MBit standard is selected.		
made, roomble applies. If LN of SN is specified, the according rooomble standard is selected.	1	1
NMPv3 (Simple Network Management Protocol Version 3)		
	SNO	



CHARACTERISTIC	CODE	
 Integrated SCADA connection for serial protocols like IEC 60870- 5-101/103, DNP3.0, without integrated protocol interface for serial protocol (continue with code "G") with integrated SCADA interface for serial prot. for connection of one REG-DA (cont. with code "V") with integrated SCADA interface for serial protocol for connection of more than one system (REG-D/DA/DP etc.) (continue with code "V") Note: L9 can only be combined with characteristics Z01, Z15 to Z19 and Z91. 	L0 L1 L9	
Connection type Copper RS232 RS485 2-wire operation only Fibre optic cable with FSMA connection technology Fibreglass (Wave length 800900 nm, range 2000 m) All-plastic (Wave length 620680 nm, range 50 m) Fibre optic cable with ST connection technology Fibreglass (Wave length 800900 nm, range 2000 m) All-plastic (Wave length 620680 nm, range 50 m) Fibre optic cable with VL connection technology All-plastic (Wave length 620680 nm, range 50 m) Fibre optic cable with VL connection technology All-plastic (Wave length 620680 nm for SPABUS) (continue with code "Z or CZ")	V10 V11 V13 V15 V17 V19 V22	
Protocol (without cyber security)Attention! Select only Z or CZIEC60870-5-103 StandardIEC60870-5-103 for ABBIEC60870-5-103 for Alstom/Schneider-Electric/GEIEC60870-5-103 for SATIEC60870-5-103 for Sprecher AutomationIEC60870-5-103 for othersIEC60870-5-101 StandardIEC60870-5-101 for ABBIEC60870-5-101 for ABBIEC60870-5-101 for ABBIEC60870-5-101 for JDSIEC60870-5-101 for SATIEC60870-5-101 for SATIEC60870-5-101 for SATIEC60870-5-101 for othersDNP 3.00 (serial only)SPABUSMODBUS RTUProfibus-DP (always with V11!)(continue with code "G")	Z03 Z10 Z11 Z12 Z13 Z14 Z90 Z01 Z15 Z17 Z18 Z19 Z91 Z20 Z22 Z23 Z99	WITHOUT Cyber Security

CHARACTERISTIC		CODE	
Protocol (with cyber security)	Attention! Select only Z or CZ		
IEC60870-5-103 Standard		CZ03	
IEC60870-5-103 for ABB		CZ10	
 IEC60870-5-103 for Alstom/Schneider-Electric/GE 		CZ11	
IEC60870-5-103 for SAT		CZ12	
 IEC60870-5-103 for Siemens (LSA/SAS) 		CZ13	~
 IEC60870-5-103 for Sprecher Automation 		CZ14	WITH Cyber Security
 IEC60870-5-103 for others 		CZ90	n
IEC60870-5-101 Standard		CZ01	S.
 IEC60870-5-101 for ABB 		CZ15	Der
 IEC60870-5-101 for IDS 		CZ17	5
 IEC60870-5-101 for Siemens (SAT) 		CZ18	Ŧ
 IEC60870-5-101 for Siemens (LSA/SAS) 		CZ19	Ī
 IEC60870-5-101 for others 		CZ91	~
• DNP 3.00		CZ20	
SPABUS		CZ22	
MODBUS RTU		CZ23	
(continue with code "G")			
Note: Cyber security is not yet available for all serial protoco	ols, please contact A. Eberle.		
Operating instructions			
• German		G1	
 English 		G2	
French		G3	
 Spanish 		G4	
 Italian 		G5	
Russian		G6	
Portuguese		G7	
• Czech		G8	
• other		G9	
Display language			
• German		A1	
English		A2	
French Consistence		A3	
Spanish		A4	
Italian		A5	
Russian		A6	
Portuguese		A7	
Czech		A8	
Dutch Delich		A9	
Polish		A10	



REG-DA accessories	ID-No.
Fuses, batteries:	
1 pack microfuses T1 L 250 V, 1 A, for auxiliary voltage range H0	582.1002
1 pack microfuses T2 L 250 V, 2 A, for auxiliary voltage range H2	582.1019
1 lithium battery (pluggable)	570.0003.00
1 lithium battery (solderable)	on request
1 button cell CR1632	570.0005
Connection technique:	
Connection adapter set from fibre optic connector LC to ST including 1m fibre	111.9048.99
PC connection cable (zero-modem cable)	582.020B.00
PC connection cable (USB A to Mini USB for devices with order code I1)	582.020U
Modem connection cable	582.2040
RS232 10 m extension cable	582.2040.10
USB/RS232 adapter with integrated null-modem cable (FTDI), 1,5m	111.9046.01
Interface E-LAN-FO: RS485/FO, Fiber optics: multi-mode, max. transmission distance: 2.5 km, FO- connector: ST, (E-LAN \rightarrow FO or FO \rightarrow E-LAN) Note: 2 units required per line	111.9030.10
Interface E-LAN-FO: RS485/FO, Fiber optics: single-mode, max. transmission distance: 15 km, FO- connector: SC, (E-LAN \rightarrow FO or FO \rightarrow E-LAN) Note: 2 units required per line	111.9030.11
Time synchronisation:	
Radio clock (DCF 77)	111.9024.01
GPS radio clock NIS time, RS485, Uh: AC 85 V 110V 264 V / DC 88 V 220V 280V	111.9024.45
GPS radio clock NIS time, RS485, Uh: DC 18 V 60V 72V	111.9024.46
GPS radio clock NIS time, RS232, Uh: AC 85 V 110V 264 V / DC 88 V 220V 280V	111.9024.47
GPS radio clock NIS time, RS232, Uh: DC 18 V 60V 72V	111.9024.48
Modems:	
Modem: INSYS EBW-L100, Router 4G / LTE	111.9049.04
Modem: Antenna for router	111.9049.01
INSYS External antenna (magnetic base antenna)	111.9030.68
INSYS extension cable f. ext. antenna	111.9030.68.01
SHDSL Ethernet modem, (Westermo DDW-120) for establishing a TCP / IP connection via 2 - wire 1060V DC, DIN rail	111.9030.16
Power supply:	
Phoenix power supply adaptor for DIN rail mounting: In: AC 120 V230 V, DC 90 250 V, Out: DC 24 V 1.3A	111.9030.36
Additional input and output module:	
Analogue module with 2 mA-inputs for REG-D(P)/-D(P)A (level III)	320.0004.00
Analogue module with 2 mA-outputs for REG-D(P)/-D(P)A (level III)	320.0003
Resistor module R1 (180Ω2kΩ, min 5Ω / step) for REG-D/-DA (level III)	320.0002.01
Resistor module R3 (2kΩ20kΩ, min 50Ω / step) for REG-D/-DA (level III)	320.0002.03
PT 100 input according DIN 43760; 3-wire connection (-40+160°C) for REG-D(P)/-D(P)A (level III)	320.0005.01
Analogue module with 2 mA-inputs for REG-D(P)A (level II)	356.2020.00

REG-DA accessories	ID-No.
Analogue module with 2 mA-outputs for REG-D(P)A (level II)	356.2021.00
Analogue module with 1 mA-input for REG-D(P)A (level II)	356.2009.00
Analogue module with 1 mA-output for REG-D(P)A (level II)	320.0007
PT 100 input according DIN 43760; 3-wire connection (level II) for REG-D(P)A	356.2022.01
Operating instructions:	
Additional operating instructions for REG-DA (please specify the language)	GX

Add-ons for REG-DA	CODE
Transformer monitoring module - TMM	ТММ
Consists of:	
Firmware update	
User guide and PC software for setup	
 Analogue module with two inputs for the temperature transducer 	A1
 Input for PT100 in a three-wire circuit 	A2
Additional analogue input, output or PT100 module. See Accessories	

Software for REG-DA	CODE
REGView as CD-ROM WinREG add-on functions Collector and RegView to archive and view data recorded with REG-D(A) and PAN-D.	REGView
REGSim as CD-ROM Simulates the parallel operation of transformers	REGSim

General Add-ons	CODE
 Profibus DP module incl. RS485 interface and connection cable for external power supply DC 24V For DIN-rail 35 mm, size 120 x 75 x 27 mm Note: external 24 V DC power supply necessary 	Profibus-DP B0
 TCP/IP adapter (COMServer) Com-Server DIN-rail power supply 24V/15W Com-Server 100BT, LC, 24 Volt AC/DC Com-Server 100BT, 3-way, 12-24 Volt AC/DC 	REG-COM 111.9037.12 111.9037.20 111.9037.08
COM3 converter COM3 to Modbus converter to connect external devices with Modbus interface to the transformer monitoring module. For example, to analyse the gas-in-oil ratio online, directly measure the winding temperature, etc., Auxiliary voltage DC 18 72 V	COM3-MOD
 IRIG-DCF77 converter as wall-mounting housing 20 HP AC 100 V 110 V240 V / DC 100 V 220 V 300 V DC 20 V 60 V 70 V 	IRIG-DCF B02 H1 H2



Notes

We take care of it.



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